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RobAFIS student competition actuality: Safety & Security interactions between Operators and with the System

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This paper presents the RobAFIS competition which is yearly organized since 2006, by AFIS, the French chapter of INCOSE. This competition, as well as its pedagogical objectives, have been presented in previous editions on Insight [1] [2] [3] [4]. RobAFIS enhances AFIS action, offering educational and research institutions an operation to better understand and develop the use of systems engineering best practices, as recommended and formalized by AFIS. Two reference documents are recommended for RobAFIS:

- the book "To discover and understand Systems Engineering" [5].
- the book "Thinking System" [6].

Since 2007, Students and their supervising teachers have the opportunity to exchange with the jury AFIS expert members, working in industry or teaching Systems Engineering. During development, these experts answer, via a FAQ page on a RobAFIS dedicated collaborative space [7], questions about technical or methodological issues related to stakeholder requirements or to the development document.

The main objective of RobAFIS is to highlight the benefits of basing systems engineering education on a project life cycle realization: a full life cycle including the implementation of an operational system, deployed by a client, in a real environment.

1. A development in two phases

To enhance the distinction between system architectural choices and technology choices, since 2015 we proposed a model of development in two phases:

- Phase 1: an upstream study phase, with the supply of a preliminary development document (§2), focusing on the identification of possible solutions (at least 3 candidate solutions) and on the justified choice of the selected solution, on the basis of studied solutions drafts;
- Phase 2: a full development phase, with the supply of a detailed development document (§3) and an operational prototype, corresponding to the solution selected in the first phase.

The aim is to highlight the specific nature and contribution of both phases, in terms of progressive definition, the first one corresponding mainly to a system vision, the second one to a more product-oriented vision.

2. Preliminary development document architecture [8]

At the end of phase 1, student teams have to supply a preliminary development document, structured into 3 deliverables (more details on www.robafis.fr):

- 1. Preliminary version of requirement referential (Deliverable 10)
- 2. Presentation of possible architectural designs (Deliverable 20)
- 3. Justification of architecture choice (Deliverable 40)

3. Development Document Architecture [8]

The results of the full development phase 2 are supplied under the form of a detailed development document, structured into 8 deliverables (more details on www.robafis.fr):

- 1. Final requirement referential (Deliverable 10)
- 2. Final architectural design (Deliverable 20)
- 3. Reference configuration (Deliverable 30)
- 4. Justification of definition (Deliverable 40)
- 5. Integration, Verification, Validation Plan (Deliverable 50)
- 6. Maintainability study and maintenance definition (Deliverable 60)
- 7. Project management (Deliverable 70)
- 8. Assembly and verification instructions (Deliverable 80)

4. Recent technical subjects

Last years have seen various evolutions in the technical aspects of the case studies:

- 2015-2016-2017-2018: Interactions between operators and technical systems;
- 2017: Evolution of the two systems deployed simultaneously in a common environment;
- 2018: Evolution of the system in an environment imposing very high operational safety constraints and introduction of environmental requirements with a low ecological footprint and recyclability.

5. 2018: "13th edition" organized as part of the 20th anniversary of AFIS

This year, record participation was broken with 14 teams taking part in the competition (Figure 1) and around 100 teachers and students present for the final on 4 and 5 December 2018, an event hosted in Nancy by the University of Lorraine, at the Faculty of Science and Technology.



Figure 1: Teams

The proposed subject concerned a robot for handling and transporting radioactive packages in the environment of a nuclear waste reprocessing center (Figure 2).

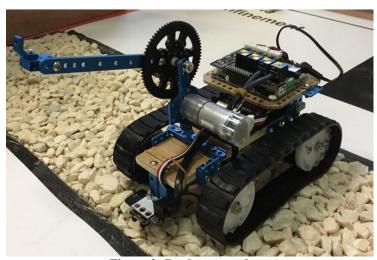


Figure 2: Deployment phase

The system, according to the sequences, could be either in automatic mode with maximum operational safety and security requirements, or in remote mode from a monitoring and control console (Figure 3), served by two separate operators depending on the operation to be performed.

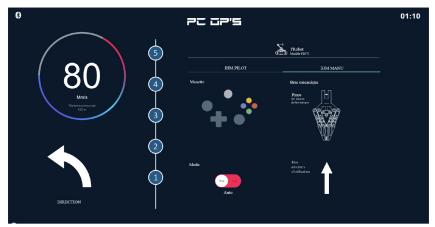


Figure 3: HMI for the handling operator

As for each edition, all the components necessary for the operation of the solution had to come from the kit provided by AFIS. This year, the exception was the bare platform of the system (Figure 4), which had to be made of material, material or product with a low ecological footprint, reused or recycled, the solution itself having to be easily recyclable at the end of its life. The satisfaction of these requirements was integrated into the evaluation of the engineering file and during the project audit. The most innovative and eco-responsible solution was awarded a special AFIS Prize.

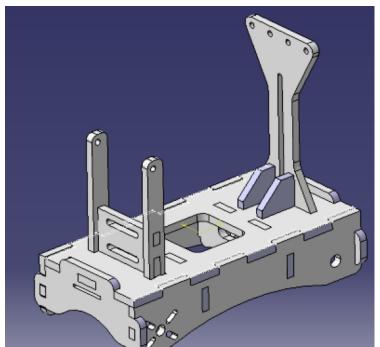


Figure 4: Platform design example

In the overall ranking, the AFIS Prizes were awarded to the 3 best teams: the EISTI of Cergy Pontoise and the INSATOMIQUE team of INSA Toulouse, were ranked 1st ex-aequo and the PANDA team of INSA Toulouse was ranked 3rd.

The NEXTER SYSTEM Award for the Best Human Factor Approach to System Engineering and Best Usability of the System was awarded to the Ecole Nationale de l'Aviation Civile de Toulouse.

The AIRBUS Maintenability Award for the best engineering and demonstration of maintenance aptitude was awarded to the Master ISC of the University of Lorraine.

The AFIS Prize for the best project audit for the innovative nature of the bare platform and the satisfaction of design and end-of-life disposal requirements was awarded to SIGMA CLERMONT.

The Alain FAISANDIER System Engineering Prize was awarded for the first time to the Master ISC of the University of Lorraine, for the quality of the development document and the implementation of systems engineering technical processes.

6. References

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